Pak training to terrorists

154. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA: SHRI SHIV PRATAP MISHRA:

. SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be-pleased to state:

(a) whether Pakistan' is still training and supplying arms to terrorists operating on Indian soil;

(b) whether Government have taken up this.matter with the Government of Pakistan and if so with what results;

(c) whether India and Pakistan had agreed during Indo-Pak talks in May, 1989 for joint surveillance on the borders to check terrorism, drug trafficking, smuggling and illegal border crossing; and

(d) if so, the details the'reof?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MUFTI MOHAMMAD SAYEED): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) This matter has been taken • up with Pakistan on several occasions at different levels including three rounds of Home Secretary level talks between India and Pakistan. During the last such talks between the two countries held at Islamabad in May, 1989, to contain terrorism and illegal border crossing, it was agreed to undertake simultaneous coordinated patrolling along the Indo-Pak border by the BSF and Pak Rangers. In pursuance of the decision, simultaneous coordinative patrolling is being carried out.

Commissions of Inquiry

155. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased tO state:

(a)-the names of the Commissions of Inquiry appointed. during the last three years under the Commissions of Inquiry Act;

(b) the details of the reports which have been submitted and those which have been made public; and

(c) the particulars of the Commissions whose reports have not been made public and the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MUFTI MOHAMMAD SAYEED): (a) to (c) The requisite information in respect ■of Commissions set up under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952 by the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Pakistan's Opposition to solve Kashmir Issue under Shimla Agreement

156. SHRl A. G. KULKARNI:

DR. BAPU KALDATE:

SHRI VISHWASRAO RAjVT RAO PATIL;

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that President and the Prime Minister of Pakistan have stated that talks under Shimla Agreement are not acceptable in the new conditions to Pakistan for solving Kashmir problem;

(b) whether USSR and USiTTiave asserted that Shimla Agreement is a base for finding solution to this vexed problem; ana

(c) whether Government have taken proper steps to convince the world body and the super-powers and the neighbours about the rightful path adopted by India?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI I. K. GUJRAL): (a). While the leaders of Pakistan have made conflicting statements on Kashmir, their approach has been

unhelpful and negative and not in accordance with the letter and spirit of the Shimla Agreement.

(b) The USSR, and USA have emphasised that the issue should be settled bilaterally and peacefully in accordance with the .Shimla Agreement.

(c) Government have conveyed the facts of the situation to all concerned. Follow-up action is being taken wherever considered necessary.

Entry and exit points in CFL (LOAC) in J & K

157. SHRl SHABBIR AHMAD SALARIA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that since the CFL (LOAC) came into existence in 1949 in Jammu & Kashmir State, the State subjects and the territory of the State have got divided into two parts;

(b) if so,- what is the area and the number of State subjects in each part;

(c)- whether it is a fact that the movement of State subjects across the CFL (LOAC) to and from the said parts is not allowed; and

(d) if so, whether Government propose to provide entry and 'exit points in the said CFL (LOAC) in accordance with the Shimla Agreement to remove serious hardship being faced by the State subjects?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI I. K. GUJRAL): (a) and (b) The whole of Jammu & Kashmir is an integral part of India. A portion of the State, however, has remained under the illegal occupation of Pakistan since its aggression in Jammu & Kashmir in 1947-1948.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) In the prevailing circumstances no such proposal is under Government's Consideration. The Simla Agreement also does not have any stipulation in this regard.

Mutual inspection of nuclear installation by Pakistan and India

158. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether.it is a fact that Pakistan had offered to allow India to inspect their KAHUTA Uranium enrichment plant near Rawalpindi;

(b) if so, whether Government have accepted the offer;

(c) whether the offer contained any special condition to the effect that Pakistan should also be allowed a similar inspection of an Indian nuclear installation; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI I. K. GUJRAL): (a) to (d) Pakistan has, from time to time, been making proposals on nuclear matters in a narrow regional or bilateral context. Some of these have been concerning mutual inspection of nuclear facilities of both India and Pakistan.

Government are of the view that these matters are of a global character and not amenable to bilateral or regional solutions. As Pakistan's nuclear programme is well known to be weapons oriented, Government need to be cautious in these matters.

Justice and peace for! Tamils in Sri Lanka

159. SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHANDRAN: Will the Minister of EXTER NAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the steps taken by Government to ensure justice and peace for the Tamils in Sri Lanka; and